MIPS Assembly Instructions

Arithmetic & Logical Instructions

abs Rdest, Rsrc Absolute Value v add Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Addition (with overflow) addi Rdest, Rsrc1, Imm Addition Immediate (with overflow) addu Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Addition (without overflow) addiu Rdest, Rsrc1, Imm Addition Immediate (without overflow) and Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 AND andi Rdest, Rsrc1, Imm AND Immediate div Rsrc1, Rsrc2 Divide (signed) divu Rsrc1, Rsrc2 Divide (unsigned) div Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Divide (signed, with overflow) divu Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Divide (unsigned, without overflow) mul Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Multiply (without overflow) mulo Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Multiply (with overflow) mulou Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Unsigned Multiply (with overflow) mult Rsrc1, Rsrc2 Multiply multu Rsrc1, Rsrc2 Unsigned Multiply Multiply the contents of the two registers. Leave the low-order word of the product in register lo and the high-word in register hi. neg Rdest, Rsrc Negate Value (with overflow) negu Rdest, Rsrc Negate Value (without overflow) nor Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 NOR not Rdest, Rsrc NOT y or Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 OR ori Rdest, Rsrc1, Imm OR Immediate rem Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Remainder y remu Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Unsigned Remainder Put the remainder from dividing the integer in register Rsrc1 by the integer in Src2 into register Rdest. rol Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Rotate Left ror Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Rotate Right sll Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Shift Left Logical sllv Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2 Shift Left Logical Variable sra Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Shift Right Arithmetic srav Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2 Shift Right Arithmetic Variable srl Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Shift Right Logical srlv Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2 Shift Right Logical Variable sub Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Subtract (with overflow) subu Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Subtract (without overflow) xor Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 XOR xori Rdest, Rsrc1, Imm XOR Immediate

Constant-Manipulating Instructions

li Rdest, imm Load Immediate y lui Rdest, imm Load Upper Immediate

Comparison Instructions

seq Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Equal
Set register Rdest to 1 if register Rsrc1 equals Src2 and to be 0 otherwise.
sge Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Greater Than Equal
sgeu Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Greater Than Equal Unsigned y
Set register Rdest to 1 if register Rsrc1 is greater than or equal to Src2 and to 0 otherwise.
sgt Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Greater Than Unsigned
Set register Rdest to 1 if register Rsrc1 is greater than Src2 and to 0 otherwise.
sgt Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Greater Than Unsigned
Set register Rdest to 1 if register Rsrc1 is greater than Src2 and to 0 otherwise.
sle Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Less Than Equal y
sleu Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Less Than Equal Unsigned y

Set register Rdest to 1 if register Rsrc1 is less than or equal to Src2 and to 0 otherwise. slt Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Less Than slti Rdest, Rsrc1, Imm Set Less Than Immediate sltu Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Less Than Unsigned sltiu Rdest, Rsrc1, Imm Set Less Than Unsigned Immediate Set register Rdest to 1 if register Rsrc1 is less than Src2 (or Imm) and to 0 otherwise. sne Rdest, Rsrc1, Src2 Set Not Equal Set register Rdest to 1 if register Rsrc1 is not equal to Src2 and to 0 otherwise. **Branch and Jump Instructions b** label Branch instruction y Unconditionally branch to the instruction at the label. bczt label Branch Coprocessor z True bczf label Branch Coprocessor z False Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if coprocessor z's condition flag is true (false). beq Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on Equal Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of register Rsrc1 equals Src2. begz Rsrc, label Branch on Equal Zero y Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of Rsrc equals 0. bge Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on Greater Than Equal bgeu Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on GTE Unsigned y Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of register Rsrc1 are greater than or equal to Src2. bgez Rsrc, label Branch on Greater Than Equal Zero Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of Rsrc are greater than or equal to 0. bgezal Rsrc, label Branch on Greater Than Equal Zero And Link Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of Rsrc are greater than or equal to 0. Save the address of the next instruction in register 31. bgt Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on Greater Than bgtu Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on Greater Than Unsigned Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of register Rsrc1 are greater than Src2. bgtz Rsrc, label Branch on Greater Than Zero Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of Rsrc are greater than 0. ble Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on Less Than Equal bleu Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on LTE Unsigned Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of register Rsrc1 are less than or equal to Src2. blez Rsrc, label Branch on Less Than Equal Zero Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of Rsrc are less than or equal to 0. bgezal Rsrc, label Branch on Greater Than Equal Zero And Link bltzal Rsrc, label Branch on Less Than And Link Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of Rsrc are greater or equal to 0 or less than 0, respectively. Save the address of the next instruction in register 31. blt Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on Less Than bltu Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on Less Than Unsigned

MIPS Assembly Instructions

Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of register Rsrc1 are less than Src2. bltz Rsrc, label Branch on Less Than Zero Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of Rsrc are less than 0. bne Rsrc1, Src2, label Branch on Not Equal Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of register Rsrc1 are not equal to Src2. bnez Rsrc, label Branch on Not Equal Zero Conditionally branch to the instruction at the label if the contents of Rsrc are not equal to 0. j label Jump Unconditionally jump to the instruction at the label. jal label Jump and Link jalr Rsrc Jump and Link Register Unconditionally jump to the instruction at the label or whose address is in register Rsrc. Save the address of the next instruction in register 31. jr Rsrc Jump Register Unconditionally jump to the instruction whose address is in register Rsrc. Load Instructions la Rdest, address Load Address y Load computed address, not the contents of the location, into register Rdest. **Ib** Rdest, address Load Byte Ibu Rdest, address Load Unsigned Byte Load the byte at address into register Rdest. The byte is sign-extended by the lb, but not the lbu, instruction. Id Rdest, address Load Double-Word Load the 64-bit quantity at address into registers Rdest and Rdest + 1 Ih Rdest, address Load Halfword lhu Rdest, address Load Unsigned Halfword Load the 16-bit quantity (halfword) at address into register Rdest. The halfword is sign-extended by the lh. but not the lhu. instruction lw Rdest, address Load Word Load the 32-bit quantity (word) at address into register Rdest. lwcz Rdest, address Load Word Coprocessor Load the word at address into register Rdest of coprocessor z (0--3). **Iwl** Rdest, address Load Word Left lwr Rdest, address Load Word Right Load the left (right) bytes from the word at the possibly-unaligned address into register Rdest. ulh Rdest, address Unaligned Load Halfword ulhu Rdest, address Unaligned Load Halfword Unsigned Load the 16-bit quantity (halfword) at the possibly-unaligned address into register Rdest. The halfword is sign-extended by the ulh, but not the ulhu, instruction ulw Rdest, address Unaligned Load Word Load the 32-bit quantity (word) at the possibly-unaligned address into register Rdest.

Store Instructions

sb Rsrc, address Store Byte Store the low byte from register Rsrc at address. sd Rsrc, address Store Double-Word y Store the 64-bit quantity in registers Rsrc and Rsrc + 1 at address. sh Rsrc. address Store Halfword Store the low halfword from register Rsrc at address. sw Rsrc, address Store Word Store the word from register Rsrc at address. swcz Rsrc, address Store Word Coprocessor Store the word from register Rsrc of coprocessor z at address. swl Rsrc, address Store Word Left swr Rsrc, address Store Word Right Store the left (right) bytes from register Rsrc at the possibly-unaligned address. ush Rsrc, address Unaligned Store Halfword Store the low halfword from register Rsrc at the possibly-unaligned address. usw Rsrc. address Unaligned Store Word Store the word from register Rsrc at the possibly-unaligned address. **Data Movement Instructions** move Rdest, Rsrc Move y Move the contents of Rsrc to Rdest.

The multiply and divide unit produces its result in two additional registers, hi and lo. These instructions move values to and from these registers. The multiply, divide, and remainder instructions described above are pseudoinstructions that make it appear as if this unit operates on the general registers and detect error conditions such as divide by zero or overflow. mfhi Rdest Move From hi mflo Rdest Move From lo Move the contents of the hi (lo) register to register Rdest. mthi Rdest Move To hi mtlo Rdest Move To lo Move the contents register Rdest to the hi (lo) register. Coprocessors have their own register sets. These instructions move values between these registers and the CPU's registers. mfcz Rdest, CPsrc Move From Coprocessor z Move the contents of coprocessor z's register CPsrc to CPU register Rdest. mfc1.d Rdest, FRsrc1 Move Double From Coprocessor 1 Move the contents of floating point registers FRsrc1 and FRsrc1 + 1 to CPU registers Rdest and Rdest + 1. mtcz Rsrc, CPdest Move To Coprocessor z

Move the contents of CPU register Rsrc to coprocessor z's register CPdest.

System Call Interface

print int 1	a0 = integer	
print float	2	f12 = float
print double	3	f12 = double
print string	4	a0 = string
read int 5	integer (in \$v0)	
read float	6	float (in \$f0)
read double	7	double (in \$f0)
read string	8	a0 = buffer, a1 = length
sbrk	9	a0 = amount address (in \$v0)
exit	10	

.align n

Align the next datum on a 2 n byte boundary. For example, .align 2 aligns the next value on a word boundary. .align 0 turns off

MIPS Assembly Instructions

automatic alignment of .half, .word, .float, and .double directives until the next .data or .kdata directive.

.ascii str

Store the string in memory, but do not null-terminate it.

.asciiz str

Store the string in memory and null-terminate it.

.byte b1, ..., bn

Store the n values in successive bytes of memory.

.data <addr>

The following data items should be stored in the data segment. If the optional argument addr is present, the items are stored beginning at address addr .

.double d1, ..., dn

Store the n floating point double precision numbers in successive memory locations.

.extern sym size

Declare that the datum stored at sym is size bytes large and is a global symbol. This directive enables the assembler to store the datum in a portion of the data segment that is efficiently accessed via register \$gp.

.float f1, ..., fn

Store the n floating point single precision numbers in successive memory locations.

.globl sym

Declare that symbol sym is global and can be referenced from other files.

.half h1, ..., hn

Store the n 16-bit quantities in successive memory halfwords.

.space n

Allocate n bytes of space in the current segment (which must be the data segment in SPIM).

.text <addr>

The next items are put in the user text segment. In SPIM, these items may only be instructions or words (see the .word directive below). If the optional argument addr is present, the items are stored beginning at address addr .

.word w1, ..., wn

Store the n 32-bit quantities in successive memory words.