



Introduction to Go

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ECE 458



History and Overview

- ▶ Go was developed in 2009 by engineers at Google due to dissatisfaction with other systems languages (C/C++)
- ▶ Go is statically typed and compiled, and supports garbage collection, memory safety, multiprogramming, networking
 - ▶ Optimizes compilation speed with better dependency analysis (no header files)
- ▶ Easy to read
- ▶ Compiled with either gc or gccgo



Pros and Cons

➤ Pros

- Modern systems language with garbage collection
- Optimized for multicore machines using concurrency
- Very scalable
- Fast compilation
- Easy to read and write

➤ Cons

- No type inheritance, generics, pointer arithmetic, overloading, exceptions, assertions

Syntax

- Very readable
- Functions, variables, control flow all pretty similar to Java
- For pointers, syntax is like C, but there is no pointer arithmetic

```
1 package main|
2 import (
3     "fmt"
4     "math"
5 )
6
7 func pow(x, n, lim float64) float64 {
8     if v := math.Pow(x, n); v < lim {
9         return v
10    } else {
11        fmt.Printf("%g >= %g\n", v, lim)
12    }
13    // can't use v here, though
14    return lim
15 }
16
17 func sum() {
18     sum := 1
19     for sum < 1000 {
20         sum += sum
21     }
22     fmt.Println(sum)
23 }
24
25 func main() {
26     fmt.Println(
27         pow(3, 2, 10),
28         pow(3, 3, 20),
29     )
30 }
31
```

Syntax (cont'd)

- ▶ Like C, Go supports structs
 - ▶ Structs have no classes, but you can define methods on types
- ▶ Like in Python, you can “slice” arrays

```
1 package main
2
3 import "fmt"
4
5 type Vertex struct {
6     X, Y int
7 }
8
9 var (
10    v1 = Vertex{1, 2} // has type Vertex
11    v2 = Vertex{X: 1} // Y:0 is implicit
12    v3 = Vertex{}    // X:0 and Y:0
13    p  = &Vertex{1, 2} // has type *Vertex
14 )
15
16 func main() {
17     fmt.Println(v1, p, v2, v3)
18 }
19
```

```
func (v Vertex) Abs() float64 { // use v.Abs() to call
    return math.Sqrt(v.X*v.X + v.Y*v.Y)
}
```

```
1 package main
2
3 import "fmt"
4
5 func main() {
6     primes := [6]int{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13}
7
8     var s []int = primes[1:4]
9     fmt.Println(s) // [3 5 7]
10 }
11
```

Syntax (cont'd)

- Go supports interfaces
 - Implement interface by implementing methods. No “declaration” required
- Concurrency management via “goroutines”
 - Use “go” keyword to start a new lightweight thread
 - Use “channels” to send and receive data

```
1 package main
2
3 import "fmt"
4
5 type I interface {
6     M()
7 }
8
9 type T struct {
10     S string
11 }
12
13 // This method means type T implements the interface I,
14 // but we don't need to explicitly declare that it does so.
15 func (t T) M() {
16     fmt.Println(t.S)
17 }
18
19 func main() {
20     var i I = T{"hello"}
21     i.M()
22 }
23
```

```
1 package main
2
3 import (
4     "fmt"
5     "time"
6 )
7
8 func say(s string) {
9     for i := 0; i < 5; i++ {
10         time.Sleep(100 * time.Millisecond)
11         fmt.Println(s)
12     }
13 }
14
15 func main() {
16     go say("world")
17     say("hello")
18     // world
19     // hello
20     // world
21     // hello
22     // hello
23     // world
24     // world
25     // hello
26     // hello
27     // world
28 }
29
```

Go Command

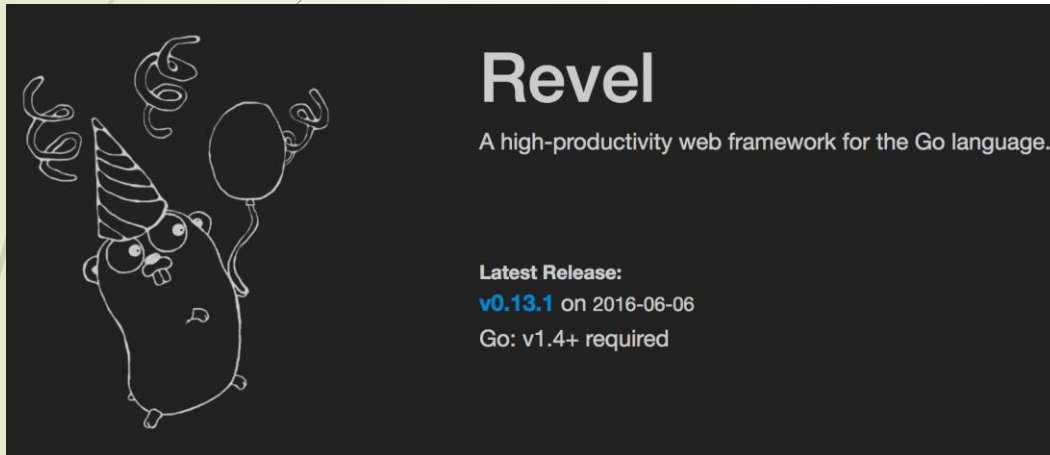
- <https://golang.org/cmd/go/>
- Supports package management
- Go help [command] to help
- Useful packages:
 - Crypto, sql, dwarf (debugging), csv, json, xml, html, io, net, os, text

build	compile packages and dependencies
clean	remove object files
doc	show documentation for package or symbol
env	print Go environment information
fix	run go tool fix on packages
fmt	run gofmt on package sources
generate	generate Go files by processing source
get	download and install packages and dependencies
install	compile and install packages and dependencies
list	list packages
run	compile and run Go program
test	test packages
tool	run specified go tool
version	print Go version
vet	run go tool vet on packages

Web Framework

➔ Revel (<https://revel.github.io/>)

➔ Goji (<https://goji.io/>)



```
package main

import (
    "fmt"
    "net/http"

    "goji.io"
    "goji.io/pat"
)

func hello(w http.ResponseWriter, r *http.Request) {
    name := pat.Param(r, "name")
    fmt.Fprintf(w, "Hello, %s!", name)
}

func main() {
    mux := goji.NewMux()
    mux.HandleFunc(pat.Get("/hello/:name"), hello)

    http.ListenAndServe("localhost:8000", mux)
}
```


Helpful Links

- Installation (<https://golang.org/doc/install>)
 - Download at <https://golang.org/dl>
- Compilers:
 - gc, gccgo
- Wiki: <https://github.com/golang/go/wiki>
- Tutorials
 - <https://tour.golang.org/>
 - <https://golang.org/doc/code.html>
- Examples
 - https://golang.org/doc/effective_go.html
- Go command
 - <https://golang.org/cmd/go/>
- Revel (<https://revel.github.io/>)
 - Quick Start:
 - `go get -u github.com/revel/cmd/revel`
 - `revel new github.com/myaccount/my-app`
 - `revel run github.com/myaccount/my-app`
 - open <https://localhost:9000> in browser